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Spatio-temporal monitoring of

the Rhone river fish community

• CONTEXT AND OBJECTIVES

- The Rhone river fish community has been studied since the middle of the 90s
- In 2007, the WFD requirements lead to modify the survey network, by increasing the nb. of sampling sites and modifying sampling methods
- MATERIAL AND METHODS
 - 2 survey networks

RHP

 Annual – long term 6 sites from 1990s to...

- The aim of this study is to :
 - describe spatial pattern of fish community through the recent WFD surveillance program
 - examine temporal evolution of fish community with special focus on the impact of methodological changes



- Electrofishing (+ Gillnets)
- Sampling meth. change in 2007 : Ambiance => Point Abund. Sampling
- WFD-surveillance (RCS)
 - Bi-annual
 - 21 sites between 2007-2013
 - Electrofishing = Point Abund. Sampling









General description: 42 species caught => 6 to 26 sp. / fishing occasion (mean=17) CHE is the most frequent species, followed by GOU (96), GAR (92%) and ABL (90%);

• The temporal evolution is different between sites (cf ex.), but some years / periods are particular :

few species <5% (BBG, TOX, OBR, LPP, LOU, ATH)

• Longitudinal structure of fish communities :

- sites Upstream Lyon characterized by occurrences of salmonid type species

- sites in the Median part characterized by rheophilic cyprinids

- sites Downstream characterized by more tolerant/limnophilic species (+ T°...)

In each longitudinal type, fish community structure reflects the level of anthropisation : Higher Rsp, TotDensity and indicator species in TCC / Impounded

- before 2000

- from 2000 to 2006

- after 2007 : strong influence of sampling method on TotDens (but not RSp)



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